Transition Ideas

Arrival/Greeting Transition:

Tips for a "great day"!

1. Every child needs a warm welcome and a smile to greet him/her. Saying a simple good morning is not enough. Walk to the child or call the child over and enthusiastically celebrate the child's arrival.

2. Let them know the expectations for the day.

3. Do or say something related to the theme or day's activities.

4. Use a song to assist in transitioning to the morning activity.

Check In Chart During arrival, children can move a picture (photo, symbol, and/or name) from "home" to "school". Feeling Chart Check-In Feeling pictures were distributed in previous trainings. They can also be printed from *Teaching Tools for Young Children* at www.challengingbehavior.org

- 1. Use a poster board to make a grid square for each feeling
- 2. Place a photo of each child on a clothespin.

3. Children identify how they are feeling as they check in by clipping their

photo to the corresponding feeling.

-Pick an activity to do in circle time by using it as a pointer -Sprinkle with "magic dust" and give a child a special way to move from place to place (i.e., fly like a fairy, tip toe on a high wire, etc.) Freddie Flea is Whispering to Me Pretend to catch a flea between your thumb and pointer finger and bring it to your ear as if he is

Pretend to catch a flea between your thumb and pointer finger and bring it to your ear as if he is whispering to you. Say, "Freddie Flea is whispering to me ______"

Centers Transitions:

Computer Turn Taking Chart Have a chart with every child's name (with photo if needed) on it:

1. Allow children to take their name and place it on the computer chart. The

turns are in the order of the list.

2. Set a timer, the first child takes his/her turn until the timer goes off

3. When the timer goes off, move the names up and let the next child take

his/her turn. Have the first child return their name to the bottom of the turn-

taking chart.

White Board Turn Taking Sign-In Have a white board in an area or at an activity that is popular and requires waiting for a turn

1. Allow children to "sign in" on the white board for a turn

2. Set a timer and let the first child take his/her turn until the timer goes off

3. When the timer goes off, cross off the child's name and move down the list (the child who is finished with his or her turn can go get the next child for the next turn)

Clean-up Transition:

Five Minute Glove

The teacher should first model how to use this prop as a safety signal that clean-up time will be soon. Then a child can use this prop as a "helper job" to cue his/her peers.

• The teacher/child with the glove announces to the class that there are

"five more minutes left to play, and then it will be time to clean up".

This can follow an auditory or visual cue like a bell sound or lights

flicked once.

• The teacher/child walks to each center/area in the classroom to make

this announcement.

• If a particular child(ren) needs individual cueing, the teacher should go

directly to that child to cue them.

• This should be repeated at 3 minutes and at 1 minute.

Arrival Mini Schedule

Print, assemble, and sequence the visual mini-schedule, picture cues are available from Teaching Tools for Young Children at www.challengingbehavior.org. The arrival mini schedule can be used to prompt children as to the steps in the arrival routine. Once taught, this will help them self initiate the routine steps. For example: 1. sign in, 2. put belongings in your cubby, 3. say good morning to your teacher, 4. play with a table toy. Group Time/Circle Transition:

Remember:

1. For children who will not come easily to circle, show them the "circle

visual" from the visual schedule.

2. Clearly state expectations (use first/then phrases) i.e., "First sit in

circle, then we can sing the monkey song."

3. Point out something fun that is going to happen in circle. ("Ms.

Rochelle's Magic Bag has something very special inside. Come

see.")

4. Use children's preferences to entice them to circle

5. Use positive encouragement and comment on those who are following directions

NOTE: Circle is a great "check the schedule" location. Go to circle between big transitions to check the visual photo schedule to see what the next expected routine will be.

Blow Bubbles Blow some bubbles to get children to come to circle. Surprise Sack/Magic Bag Put a very special something in the bag and have the children guess what's inside. Give them little hints. (Sing to the tune of Mary Had a Little Lamb) Ms. _____ has a magic bag, magic bag, magic bag, Ms. _____ has a magic bag, I wonder what's inside. Dual Purpose Microphone/ Ribbon Wand Use this double purpose tool to excite children! There are multiple ways one could use the microphone and ribbon wand. Microphone: -Announce who is in the circle (to promote others to join) -Call children to do special jobs - Let the children make "special announcements" - Announce whose turn is next -Comment as the children successfully transition **Ribbon Wand:** -Point out 'special helpers' -Call out children's names

Other ideas: There can also be a 5 Minute Helper on the playground. Two children can be helpers by each taking half of the room/playground.

Note: For easy retrieval of the numbers as they are removed attach a string to the cues or Velcro them to the back of the hand mitten during the count-down.

Helping Hands

When children finish cleaning up their center activity they receive a helping hands clip. They then can go and ask a peer if they can help clean up their center. This can reinforce friendship skills of helping others and working together.

- 1. First clean-up own center.
- 2. Ask teacher for helping hand clip.
- 3. Go to center and ask, "Can I help clean-up?"
- 4. If they say "No", go to another center and ask, "Can I help you clean-up?"
- 5. Continue to help others until all is clean.
- 6. Celebrate the clean room!

Transition to Another Activity:

Cue Cards

Choose cue cards from Teaching Tools for Young Children www.challengingbehavior.org to prompt children of where to go. This is especially powerful for children who have language processing problems or who have behavior problems around transition times. Cue cards can be placed on a cue ring and worn on a coil wrist bracelet for quick access. Magic Mirror Use the "magic mirror" by looking through it and commenting on who is correctly transitioning. For example, At circle say: I am looking through my mirror and who do I see, I see _____ looking at me. (...sitting for me.) At lunch say: I am looking through my mirror and who do I see, I see eating with me. At nap say: I am looking through my mirror and who do I see, I see _____ napping for me. At line-up say: I am looking through my mirror and who do I see, I see lining up for me. At clean-up say: I am looking through my mirror and who do I see, I see _____ cleaning up for me. When called to an area: I am looking through my mirror and who do I see, I see _____ coming over to me. NOTE: Other options are looking through funny glasses, binoculars, a magnifying glass, telescope, etc. Partner Sticks (good for transitions to: Line up, Table Time, Centers)

1. Use the partner sticks to pair up the kids in going to line up.

2. Have children pull a stick out of the can

3. Then have them find a friend with a matching stick

4. Once they find a matching stick, they go to the line together

5. When they get to the line their stick acts as a "ticket" to get out

the door.

Line-up Transition (in classroom/on playground):

Stand on the Line

Place tape on the floor to show children where to stand when waiting in line at the door, for the bathroom, at the water fountain, etc.

Line-up Feet

Have a set of feet on the floor in a line for the children to line-up by standing on. Children can pull matching feet out of a bag and go to the line to stand on the matching feet.

Stop and Go

Hold up a stop sign and blow a horn/ring a bell to indicate that all are to stop. Then turn to "go" to indicate it's time to line-up.

Beanbag Line Up: A way to stay!

While the children are in line waiting for the rest of their classmates to line up, have a quite game to play to keep the carefully planned line in shape! Make a beanbag and give it to the first person in line. Have them hand it to the person behind them anyway they can think of, like over their shoulder, under their legs, around their waist. Make sure the rules of the game are clearly stated: Only two people can move at a time, no one can talk, and if it drops it is brought back to the front of the line and starts all over. This will help occupy the children while the rest of the children line up.

Go Fish!

Children 'fish' for where they will stand in line.

1. Cut out enough paper fish for the number of children in the class, making at

least 2 of each color (each child will be lining up with another child who has

the matching fish)

2. Attach paperclip to the mouth of each fish

3. Make a fishing pole out of a dowel with a magnet attached to the end of the

dowel (by eliminating the string, rods will not get tangled)

4. Give children turns with a magnetic fishing pole to catch their fish, once

they catch it they use that fish to line up with their matching fishing buddy.

5. Children can go three at a time to keep the pace moving. By letting the children have a part in the lineup method they become engaged and eager to participate in the task at hand.

NOTE: Shapes, letter, numbers, animals, etc. can also be used Bubble and Marshmallows Children pretend to walk with bubbles in their mouth and marshmallows under their feet. Stop at the Door/Gate Place a stop sign on the doors and gates to indicate that children are to "stop" and wait. Teachers can even paint the sidewalks outside to indicate where to stop or wait.

Nap Transition:

Let the Light Lead the Way (Adapted from: *Transition Magician 2*, Henthorne, Larson, & Chvojicek) Use a decorated flashlight to "lead the way" to the child's cot. Have the child "follow the light".

Quiet as a Mouse (Adapted from: *Transition Magician 2*, Henthorne, Larson, & Chvojicek) The mouse finger puppet can -tell the children to "tip toe as quiet as a mouse" to their mats -tell the children "shhhhh, I'm trying to sleep" -look for those who are napping quietly and give kisses for being "quiet as a mouse" -to notice children who are sitting quiet as a mouse in circle -to comment on those who are quiet as a mouse in line

Good-Bye/Dismissal Transition:

Tips for an end to a "great day"!

1. Every child needs a genuine "good" bye and a smile to send him/her on his/her way. Saying a simple good bye is not enough. Walk to the child or call the child over and enthusiastically celebrate the child's day in the classroom.

2. Let them know how proud you are of them or what fun you had and comment on something exciting or good that they did that day.

3. Make physical contact (pat on the shoulder or head, hug, high five or a gentle loving nudge) and let them know you are looking forward to seeing them the next day of school.

Transition Resources:

Chivojicek, R., Henthorne, M., & Larson, N. (2001). Transition magician for families: Helping parents and children with everyday routines. St Paul, MN: Redleaf Press.
Feldman, J. (2000). Transition tips and tricks for teachers: Attention-grabbing, creative activities that are sure to become classroom favorites! Beltsville, MD: Gryphon House, Inc.
Henthorne, M., Larson, N., & Chvojicek, R. (2000). Transition magician 2 more: More strategies for guiding young children in early childhood programs. St Paul, MN: Redleaf Press.
Larson, N., Henthorne, M., & Plum, B. (1994). Transition magician: Strategies for guiding young children in early childhood programs. St Paul, MN: Redleaf Press.

Pica, R., (2003). *Teachable transitions: 190 activities to move from morning circle to the end of the day*. Beltsville, MD: Gryphon House, Inc.

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